

AFME Members' Briefing CMU - Taking the next steps

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- Building blocks of the CMU by 2019. Objectives:
 - Single market for capital by removing barriers to cross-border investments
 - Improve access to financing for all businesses around Europe
 - Diversify the funding of the economy and reduce the cost of raising capital
 - Maximise the benefits of capital markets so they can support economic growth and job creation
 - Help SMEs raise finance more easily
- 33 measures Early wins included:
 - Securitisation / STS framework
 - Prospectus Regulation review
 - EuVECA / EuSEF
 - Infrastructure as an asset class



- By June 2017, the Commission had delivered 20 out of 33 measures
- Key ongoing workstreams include:
 - Securitisation Level 2
 - Review of the ESAs (incl. role of ESMA)
 - Insolvency Reform
 - Prudential review of investment firms
 - Pan-European Personal Pensions Product
 - Developing capital markets in the CEE region
 - Barriers to listing for SMEs
- Brexit "CMU more important than ever"

- Sustainable Finance Action Plan
- FinTech Action Plan
- Other proposals:
 - Framework for EU covered bonds
 - Crowdfunding
 - Securities ownership
 - Cross-border distribution of collective investments funds
 - Developing secondary markets for NPLs
- CMU beyond 2019?



- Publications
 - An Agenda for CMU (Nov 2014)
 - Economic gains from insolvency reform (Feb 2016)
 - Securities law reform and close-out netting (Oct 2016)
 - Developing CMU in high potential economies (Nov 2016)
 - AFME BCG Bridging the Growth Gap (July 2016)
 - The shortage of risk capital for Europe's high growth businesses (March 2017)
 - Wrote Global Green Finance Guide (Dec 2017)
- Advocacy & Involvement in CMU Groups
 - Corporate Bond Liquidity Expert Group
 - Insolvency Stakeholder's Group
 - European Post-Trade Forum
 - Vienna Initiative
 - Extensive advocacy and participation in hearings/workshops



Sustainable Finance Action Plan

Edmund Lakin, Manager, Global Markets Policy, HSBC



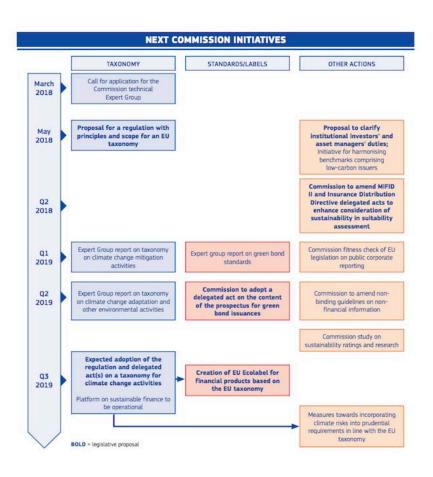
European Commission Action Plan: Financing Sustainable Growth

- 1 EU Taxonomy
- Creation of an EU taxonomy for climate change, environmentally and socially sustainable activities.
- Creation of an EU "Technical Expert Group" on sustainable finance
- Green standards and products
- EU Technical Expert Group to produce a report on an EU green bond standard, building on current best practices
- Amendments to the Prospectus Regulation for green bond issuances
- Possible creation of an EU Ecolabel for certain products
- 3 Infrastructure
 - Building on ongoing efforts to support advisory for sustainable infrastructure projects
- 4 Financial advice
- Amendment to MiFID II & IDD to ensure sustainability preferences are taken into account in the sustainability assessment
- 5 Sustainability benchmarks
- Amendments to BMR on the transparency of the methodologies and features of benchmarks; and seek to harmonise benchmarks comprising low-carbon issuers.
- Technical expert group will publish a report on the design and methodology of a low-carbon benchmark.
- Sustainability ratings
- Explore mandating CRAs to explicitly integrate sustainability factors into their assessments
- ESMA to assess credit rating market landscape with regards to ESG factors
- EC to undertake comprehensive study on sustainability ratings and research services
- 7 Institutional investors
- Legislation on sustainability duties for institutional investors and asset managers

- 8 Prudential
- EC to explore possibility of recalibrating banks capital requirements for climate and environmental purposes
- EIOPA to provide an opinion on impact of Solvency II on sustainable investments
- 9 Disclosure
- EU fitness check of EU legislation on public corporate reporting
- Non-financial reporting directive to be amended to include TCFD
- Corporate governance
- EC to assess need to require corporate boards to develop and disclose a sustainability strategy, and clarify directors duties
- ESAs to investigate undue short term pressure in markets



European Commission Sustainable Finance Initiatives





FinTech Action Plan

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The Commission's focus on FinTech

FinTech is the term used to describe the impact of new technologies on the financial services industry. It includes a variety of products, applications, processes and business models that have transformed the traditional way of providing banking and financial services.

- In March 2017 the commission launched a consultation on 'FinTech: A more competitive and innovative European financial Sector'
- In March 2018 the European Commission adopted an action plan on FinTech that includes 23 measures (1 legislative – Crowdfunding – and 23 exploratory)
- The plan is part of the European Commission's efforts to: build a Capital markets union; a true single market for consumer financial services; and is also part of the drive for a Digital single market.



The EC FinTech Action Plan to 2019



A more competitive and innovative financial market

- Encourage innovative business models
 - Easier and more uniform licensing rules for FinTech activities
 - New EU rules to enable crowdfunding
 - Align standards
 - Supervisors has 'innovation facilitators'
 - 'Regulatory sandboxes' to apply rules to FinTech firms in flexible and proportionate way

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Stronger cyber resilience

- Facilitate information sharing on cyber threats among market participants
- Higher supervisory convergence and enforcement of IT risk management
- Increased EU coordination in cyber threat testing

- Support uptake of new technologies
 - Assess whether current
 EU rules are adapted to
 new technologies
 - Clarify rules to facilitate use of cloud services
 - EU initiative to **promote** blockchain
 - New 'EU FinTech Lab' to increase knowledge among EU national authorities



Selected next steps and expected outcomes

2018 Q1 -2

2018 Q3 -4

2019 Q1 -2

- Q2 2018: Launch of EU FinTech Lab
- Q2 2018: Setup of Expert Group on Regulatory obstacles to financial innovation
- Q2 2018: Public-Private workshop to identify barriers to information sharing on cyber threats among FS actors

- Q4 2018: Report on challenges and opportunities of crypto
- Q4 2018 : Coordinated approaches on standards for FinTech
- Q4 2018: Best practices with recommendations for regulatory sandboxes
- Q4 2018: ESAs evaluation of costs and benefits for cyber threat testing

- Q1 2019: ESAs to map existing supervisory practices across FS for ICT security
- Q1 2019: ESAs to map licensing approaches for FinTech
- Q1 2019: ESAs to explore need for Guidelines on cloud outsourcing
- Q2 2019: Expert group report on fitness of EU FS regulation for innovation



The focus for AFME



- Strong intent that technology, cyber and innovation will be among the main drivers of the future EU policy agenda
 - Directionally clear but mostly exploratory
 - Greater emphasis on the European Supervisory Authorities
 - The foundation for the next executive and legislature in 2019
- AFME Technology and Operations areas of focus for 2018 are: Cloud, AI, DLT and Sandboxes
- We continue to support a collaborative approach that is technology neutral and risk and principle based



Q&A



The Association for Financial Markets in Europe advocates stable, competitive and sustainable European financial markets that support economic growth and benefit society.

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